

# Composting to support The Samaritan Garden

Jonathan McArthur

Department of Horticulture



### The Problem

"Up to 40% of all fresh produce is lost between farm and fork to landfill." Statistics such as these demand action. Reducing the amount of produce being disposed of into landfills is a great first step, and easily achieved through composting.





# The Results

The Samaritan Community
Center is a local non-profit that
runs, among other things, two
soup kitchens, and has over 50
employees. Through
composting in both kitchens,
and with help from the staff, we
have saved over 2,000 lbs of
food waste from entering the
local landfill, which will be used
as compost to feed the garden.



\*Source http://www.nrdc.org/food/files/wasted -food-ip.pdf

#### **Materials and Methods**

To collect the compost, we distributed resealable 5 gallon buckets to our staff, and provided each kitchen with a large garbage can. The buckets and cans are labeled with the "Do's, and Dont's" of composting, and the staff and volunteers are briefed on basic composting procedures. Compost is collected, weighed, and then added to the heap. Average time from plate to plant is approximately 1.5 years in slow compost.

## The Solution

The sustainability of this project spans multiple systems. The built, managed, natural, and social systems are all utilized in the act of composting. Educating staff and volunteers, and showing them the amount of waste, not only lets more people realize the vast amount wasted, but it also helps them to connect to the garden through knowledge, and shared kitchen scraps.